(Total for question = 1 mark)

Questions

117	

nswer the question with a cross in the box you think is correct $oxtimes$. If you cha	nge
our mind about an answer, put a line through the box 🔀 and then mark you	r new
nswer with a cross 🗵.	

These	alka	ontains alkanes. nes are part of an homologous series.	
Which	state	ement about compounds in this homologous series is true?	/41
26 26 26	A B C D	they have the same chemical formula they have the same empirical formula they have the same general formula they have the same molecular formula	(1)
		(Total for question = 1 ma	ırk)
Q2.			
Crude	oil is	found in the Earth's crust.	
Which	of th	e statements about crude oil is correct?	
26 26 26	A B C D	crude oil is a finite resource crude oil is a mixture of the elements hydrogen and carbon all of the molecules in crude oil contain rings of carbon atoms crude oil is used in cars as a fuel	(1)

Q3.

Answer the question with a cross in the box you think is correct \boxtimes . If you change your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your new answer with a cross \boxtimes .

When crude oil is fractionally distilled, the demand for some fractions is more than the amount produced.

Figure 11 shows the relative amounts of each fraction in a crude oil and the relative demand for each of these fractions.

fraction	relative amount	relative demand
gases	2	6
petrol	12	29
kerosene	16	11
diesel oil	24	29
fuel oil	37	21
bitumen	9	4

Figure 11

Which of the following shows the fractions where the relative demand is greater than the relative amount in the crude oil?

1	B C	kerosene, diesel oil, bitumen gases, petrol, diesel oil gases, petrol, kerosene petrol, diesel oil, fuel oil	(1)

O	4

Mos	st c	of the fuels used today are obtained from crude oil.	
Whi	ch	statement about crude oil is correct?	
			(1)
	Α	crude oil is a compound of different hydrocarbons	
Š	В	crude oil is a mixture of hydrocarbons	
	С	crude oil contains different hydrocarbons, all with the same molecular formula	
Š	D	crude oil is an unlimited supply of hydrocarbons	
		(Total for question = 1 m	ıark)
Q5.			
Whi	ch	of the following is the formula of a hydrocarbon?	(1)
A		C ₆ H₅OH	(1)
□В	(CH ₂ OHCH ₂ OH	
□ C		H ₂ C=CHCH ₂ CH ₃	
□ D		C.H.,Cl.	

Plants release oxygen into the atmosphere.

What is the name of the process that releases oxygen into the atmosphere?

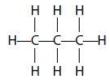
(1)

- **A** combustion
- **B** oxidation
- C photosynthesis
- **D** polymerisation

(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q7.

The structure of a molecule of propane is shown as



Which product is formed when there is incomplete combustion of propane?

(1)

- A sulfur dioxide
- B oxygen
- ☐ **C** hydrogen
- **D** carbon monoxide

Q8		
Wł	ich t	est shows a gas is oxygen? (1)
	Α	a few drops of limewater will turn cloudy when shaken with the gas
	В	a glowing splint will relight when placed in the gas
	С	a lighted splint placed in the gas will cause a pop
	D	a piece of damp red litmus paper will turn blue when placed in the gas
		(Total for question = 1 mark)
Q9		
ch	ange	the questions with a cross in the boxes you think are correct \boxtimes . If you your mind about an answer, put a line through the box \boxtimes and then mark your swer with a cross \boxtimes .
Th	e two	most common gases in today's atmosphere are nitrogen and oxygen.
(i)	Wha	t is the third most common gas in today's atmosphere?
		A argon B butane C chlorine hydrogen
(ii)	Wha	at is the percentage of oxygen in today's atmosphere?
		A 0.04 B 1 C 21 D 78
		(Total for question = 2 marks)

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(.)	7	"	
w		v.	

Answer the question	with a cross in the	e box you think is o	correct 🖾.	If you chang	је
your mind about an a	answer, put a line t	through the box $oxedsymbol{f \boxtimes}$	and then	mark your n	ew
answer with a cross	\boxtimes .				

Air contains several gaseous elements.

Which of these shows the three most commor	n gaseous elements ir	n air, listed in	order from
the most common to the least common?			

A oxygen, chlorine, nitrogen
B nitrogen, oxygen, hydrogen
C oxygen, nitrogen, helium
nitrogen, oxygen, argon

(Total for question = 1 mark)

Q11.

Crude oil is found in the Earth's crust.

The substances ethane, C₂H₆, octane, C₈H₁₈, and pentadecane, C₁₅H₃₂, are all found in crude oil.

These substances

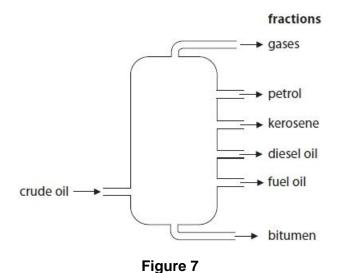
A have the same formula
B have the same boiling point
C are in the same homologous series
D form different products when completely combusted in air

Q12.

Crude oil is a complex mixture of substances.

Crude oil can be separated into useful fractions by fractional distillation.

Figure 7 shows a fractional distillation column and the fractions produced when a sample of crude oil is distilled.



The properties of these fractions vary from the top of the column to the bottom of the column.

Which of the following is a trend in a property of the fractions obtained from the top of the column to those obtained from the bottom?

		(1)
Α	the average number of carbon atoms in molecules present decreases	
В	the ease of ignition increases	
С	the boiling points decrease	
D	the viscosities increase	

Mark Scheme

Q1.

Question number	Answer	
	C they have the same general formula	(1)
	A , B and D not correct as compounds in homologous series have different chemical, empirical and molecular formulae.	A01

Q2.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
	A crude oil is a finite resource	(1)
	The only correct answer is A	AOTI
	B is not correct because crude oil is a mixture of compounds	
	C is not correct because most molecules are chains	
	D is not correct because crude oil must be fractionated first	

Q3.

Question number	Answer			
	B gases, petrol, diesel oil	(1)		
	This is the only correct answer.			
	A is incorrect because only diesel oil has a relative demand greater than the relative amount obtained C is incorrect only gases and petrol have a relative demand greater than the relative amount obtained			
	D is incorrect only petrol and diesel oil have a relative demand greater than the relative amount obtained			

Q4.

Question number	Answer	Mark
	B Crude oil is a mixture of hydrocarbons is the only correct answer	(1)
	Answer A, C and D are factually incorrect	

Q5.

Question number	Answer	Mark
	С	(1)

Q6.

Question number	Answer	Mark
	C photosynthesis is the only correct answer	1
	A and B are processes that required oxygen D is a process that does not involve oxygen	

Q7.

Question number	Answer	Mark
50.	D	(1)

Q8.

Question number	Answer			
	B a glowing splint will relight when placed in the gas is the only correct answer A describes the test for carbon dioxide C describes the test for hydrogen D describes the test for an alkaline gas such as ammonia	(1)		

Q9.

Question number	Answer	Mark
(i)	A argon This is the only correct answer. B is incorrect because butane is not found in the air C is incorrect because chlorine is not found in the air D is incorrect because hydrogen is only found in the air in extremely small amounts	(1)

Question number				Mark
(ii)	С	21	This is the only correct answer.	(1)
	Α,	B and	D are incorrect	

Q10.

Question number	Answer	Mark
	D nitrogen, oxygen, argon is the only correct answer A is not correct because nitrogen is the most common gas B is not correct because hydrogen is not the third most common gas C is not correct because nitrogen is the most common gas	(1)

Q11.

estion nber	Answer	Mark
	C are in the same homologous series	(1)
1	The only correct answer is C	AO 2 1
	A is not correct because they have different formulae	
1	B is not correct because they have different bpts	
1	D is not correct because they all form carbon dioxide and water	
	D is not correct because they all form carbon dioxide and water	

Q12.

Question Number	Answer	Mark
	D the viscosities increase	(1)
	The only correct answer is D	AO 1 1
	A is not correct because average number of carbon atoms increases	
	B is not correct because ease of ignition decreases	
	C is not correct because boiling points increase	